# **City of Ranier**

January 2019

<u>City of Ranier</u>

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# **Demographic Data Overview**

### Sources of Data

The following pages contain demographic data for the Cities of International Falls, Little Fork, Ranier, Big Falls, Northome and Mizpah; the Northwest, International Falls/Ranier, Littlefork/Big Falls and Northome/Mizpah Market Areas and Koochiching County.

Koochiching County was divided into four Market Areas. The jurisdictions located in the Market Areas are as follows:

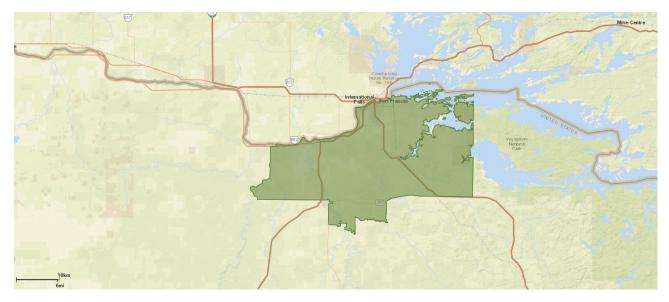
- Northwest Market Area Northwest Koochiching Unincorporated Territory
- International Falls/Ranier Market Area International Falls, Ranier, Rainy Lake Unincorporated Territory
- Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area Big Falls, Littlefork, Nett Lake Unincorporated Territory, East Koochiching County Unincorporated Territory, South Koochiching County Unincorporated Territory
- Northome/Mizpah Market Area Northome, Mizpah, Northome Unincorporated Territory

The demographic data was obtained from a variety of local, state and national sources. At the time that research was completed for this Study, both the U.S. Census Bureau and the Minnesota State Demographer's Office had released basic demographic estimates for the year 2017. However, these annual estimates are generally limited to basic counts, such as population and household levels.

For some detailed demographic variables, the 2010 Census is still viewed as the most reliable data source. To supplement the decennial Census, the Census Bureau has created the American Community Survey, an annual sampling of households. The American Community Survey does provide detailed demographic characteristics. However, because the American Community Survey is an estimate, based on sampling data, there is a margin of error that exists for each estimate. The following tables incorporate the American Community Survey data, when it is viewed as reliable.

The frequency of American Community Survey estimates vary depending on the size of the jurisdiction. The 2016 estimates were the most current at the time of this Study. They were derived from sampling that was done over a five-year period, between 2012 and 2016.

Additionally, Community Partners Research, Inc., has obtained information from Esri, a private company based in California that generates demographic and projection data. Esri estimates are included in this demographic data section.



**International Falls/Ranier Primary Market Area** 

## **Population Data and Trends**

Esri, a private data reporting service, has issued demographic estimates for 2018 which are included in the table below. Other estimates from the MN State Demographer and the Census Bureau for 2017 are discussed in the text that follows.

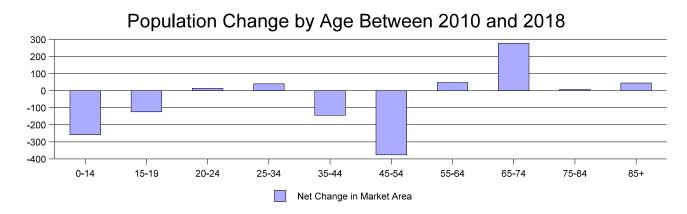
Table 1 Population Trends - 1990 to 2018						
	1990 Census	2000 Census	% Change 1990-2000	2010 Census	% Change 2000-2010	2018 Estimate Esri
Ranier	199	188	-5.5%	145	-22.9%	503
International Falls	8,325	6,703	-19.5%	6,424	-4.2%	5,956
Littlefork	838	680	-18.9%	647	-4.9%	622
Big Falls	341	264	-22.6%	236	-11.9%	247
Northome	283	230	-18.7%	200	-13.0%	210
Mizpah	100	78	-22.0%	56	-28.2%	59
International Falls/Ranier MA	12,872	11,360	-11.7%	10,617	-6.5%	10,147
Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area	1,954	1,650	-15.6%	1,528	-7.4%	1,509
Northome/Mizpah Market Area	879	804	-8.5%	703	-12.6%	738
Northwest Market Area	594	541	-8.9%	463	-14.4%	470
Koochiching County	16,299	14,355	-11.9%	13,311	-7.3%	12,864

- Esri has released 2018 population estimates for each city and market area and for the entire County. The State Demographer and the Census Bureau have released 2017 estimates for each city and the County.
- Esri estimates that International Falls, Littlefork, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area, the Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area and Koochiching County all had population losses from 2010 to 2018. Esri estimates that Big Falls, Ranier, Northome, Mizpah, the Northome/Mizpah Market Area and the Northwest Market Area each had small population gains from 2010 to 2018.
- The State Demographer and the U.S. Census Bureau's population estimates for 2017 showed population losses in all of the cities and in Koochiching County with the exception of Ranier. Ranier had substantial population gains due to an annexation.
- Esri's 2018 population estimate for Ranier is 503 people. In comparison, the State Demographer's 2017 estimate for the City was 589 people, and the Census Bureau's 2017 estimate was 571 people in Ranier. Much of the recent population growth in Ranier has been the result of annexation gains, and it does not appear that this is being accurately tracked by Esri.
- According to the 2000 and 2010 U.S. Census, all of the cities and market areas and all of Koochiching County lost population from 1990 to 2000 and from 2000 to 2010.
- Koochiching County's population is primarily White and non-Hispanic/Latino. According to the 2010 U.S. Census, approximately 94.6% of the City's residents were White, 0.6% were Black or African American, 2.3% were American Indian and 0.3% were Asian. Additionally, 2.1% of the Koochiching County population identified themselves as some other race or two or more races. Also, 1.1% of the population identified themselves at Hispanic or Latino.

# Population by Age Trends: 2010 to 2018

The release of 2018 demographic information from Esri allows for some analysis of the changing age patterns for the International Falls/Ranier Market Area. The following table compares population by age in 2010 and 2018, along with the numeric changes.

Table 2 Population by Age - 2010 to 2018					
_	Interna	ational Falls/Ranier Marke	t Area		
Age	2010	2018	Change		
0-14	1,803	1,545	-258		
15-19	720	596	-124		
20-24	492	506	14		
25-34	978	1,018	40		
35-44	1,248	1,104	-144		
45-54	1,720	1,344	-376		
55-64	1,624	1,672	48		
65-74	1,056	1,334	278		
75-84	688	695	7		
85+	288	333	45		
Total	10,617	10,147	-470		

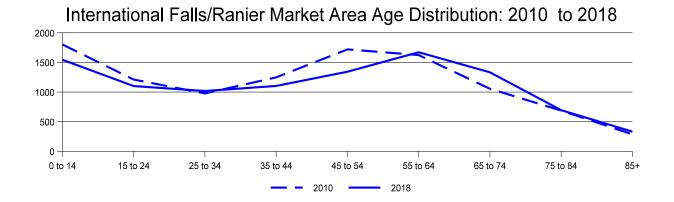


For many years, demographic analysts have been talking about the impact that is occurring as the large "baby boom" generation moves through the aging cycle. This trend has been evident in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area.

Between 2010 and 2018, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area had a gain of 326 people in the age ranges between 55 and 74 years old. In 2018, nearly all of the baby boomers were within these age ranges.

In addition to the population gain in the 55 to 74 age ranges, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area also had a gain of 54 people in the 20 to 34 age ranges and a gain of 52 people in the 75 and older age ranges. The International Falls/Ranier Market Area had a loss of 382 people in the 0 to 19 age ranges and a loss of 520 people in the 35 to 54 age ranges.

The aging trends for the International Falls/Ranier Market Area can be traced back over the previous decades to see the advancing "wave" created by the movement of the baby boom generation through the aging cycle. One other noticeable trend is the decreased population of younger residents in 2018, age 19 and under.



# **Population Projections**

The following table presents population projections generated by Esri for the cities, the market area's and Koochiching County.

Table 3 Population Projections Through 2023					
	2010 Census	2018 Esri Estimate	2023 Esri Projection	Change 2018-2023	
Ranier	145	503	484	-19	
International Falls	6,424	5,956	5,654	-302	
Littlefork	647	622	592	-30	
Big Falls	236	247	245	-2	
Northome	200	210	208	-2	
Mizpah	56	59	58	-1	
International Falls/Ranier MA	10,617	10,147	9,744	-403	
Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area	1,528	1,509	1,457	-52	
Northome/Mizpah Market Area	703	738	731	-7	
Northwest Market Area	463	470	465	-5	
Koochiching County	13,311	12,864	12,397	-467	

- Esri projects that all of the cities, market areas and the County will lose population from 2018 to 2023.
- Esri projects that from 2018 to 2023, International Falls will lose 302 people, Littlefork will lose 30 people, Big Falls will lose two people, Ranier will lose 19 people, Northome will lose two people and Mizpah will lose one person.
- Esri projects that Koochiching County's population will decrease by 467 people from 2018 to 2023.

Table 4 Household Trends - 1990 to 2018						
	1990 Households	2000 Households	% Change 1990-2000	2010 Households	% Change 2000-2010	2018 Estimate Esri
Ranier	76	76	0%	70	-7.9%	238
International Falls	3,126	2,959	-5.3%	2,903	-1.9%	2,678
Littlefork	303	268	-11.6%	258	-3.7%	246
Big Falls	156	134	-14.1%	130	-3.0%	136
Northome	103	87	-15.5%	89	2.3%	93
Mizpah	34	31	-8.8%	28	-9.7%	29
International Falls/Ranier MA	4,746	4,809	1.3%	4,686	-2.6%	4,452
Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area	747	691	-7.5%	674	-2.5%	664
Northome/Mizpah Market Area	312	310	-0.6%	305	-1.6%	318
Northwest Market Area	220	230	4.5%	209	-9.1%	211
Koochiching County	6,025	6,040	0.2%	5,874	-2.7%	5,454

# **Household Data and Trends**

- Esri has released 2018 household estimates for the cities, market areas and Koochiching County. The State Demographer has released 2017 household estimates for the cities and Koochiching County. The U.S. Census does not provide household estimates.
- Esri estimates that International Falls, the Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area and Koochiching County had household losses from 2010 to 2018. Esri estimates that Big Falls, Ranier, Northome, Mizpah, the Northome/Mizpah Market Area and the Northwest Market Area had household gains from 2010 to 2018.
- The State Demographer estimates that from 2010 to 2017, International Falls, Big Falls, Northome and Koochiching County had household decreases. The State Demographer estimates that Littlefork, Ranier and Mizpah had household increases from 2010 to 2017.
- Esri estimates that Ranier had 238 households in 2018. The estimate from the State Demographer showed 295 households in Ranier in 2017. Once again this difference is attributed to accurate tracking of past annexation activity.
- The U.S. Census reported that from 1990 to 2000, Ranier had no change in its number of households, and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area, the Northwest Market Area and Koochiching County had household gains. The remaining jurisdictions all had household losses.
- The U.S. Census reported that from 2000 to 2010, all of the jurisdictions in Koochiching County had household losses with the exception of Northome, which had a gain of two households.

# **Average Household Size**

The following table provides decennial Census information on average household size.

Table 5 Average Number of Persons Per Household: 1990 to 2018					
	1990 Census	2000 Census	2010 Census	2018 Esri	
Ranier	2.62	2.30	1.83	2.11	
International Falls	2.45	2.20	2.16	2.18	
Littlefork	2.63	2.37	2.33	2.43	
Big Falls	2.19	1.97	1.82	1.81	
Northome	2.16	2.21	2.20	2.25	
Mizpah	2.94	2.52	2.00	2.00	
International Falls/Ranier MA	N/A	N/A	2.22	2.23	
Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area	N/A	N/A	2.20	2.22	
Northome/Mizpah Market Area	N/A	N/A	2.29	2.31	
Northwest Market Area	N/A	N/A	2.22	2.23	
Koochiching County	2.58	2.33	2.23	2.22	

- Esri estimates that from 1990 to 2018, all of the cities in Koochiching County, with the exception of Northome, had a substantial decrease in average household size.
- Esri estimates that Northome's average household size has increased from 1990 to 2018.
- Esri projects that the four market areas remained relatively stable from 2010 to 2018.

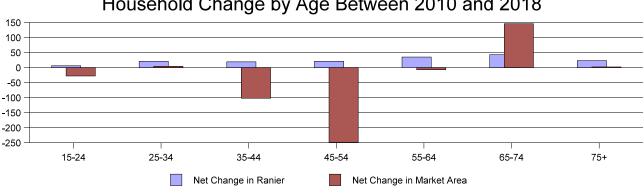
# Household by Age Trends: 2010 to 2018

The 2018 Esri age data allows for some analysis of Ranier and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area's changing age patterns. The following table compares households by age of householder in 2010 and 2018, along with the numeric changes.

Table 6 Households by Age - 2010 to 2018						
_		Ranier		Internationa	al Falls/Ranier	Market Area
Age	2010	2018	Change	2010	2018	Change
15-24	0	6	6	158	130	-28
25-34	8	29	21	476	480	4
35-44	9	28	19	682	580	-102
45-54	15	36	21	1,010	761	-249
55-64	22	57	35	992	985	-7
65-74	5	48	43	688	834	146
75+	11	34	23	680	682	2
Total	70	238	168	4,686	4,452	-234

Source: U.S. Census; Esri

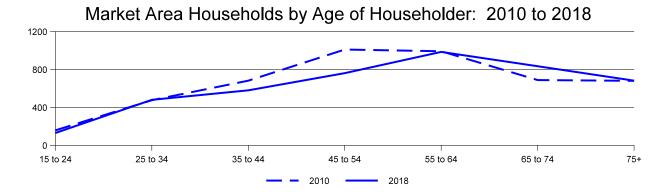
Consistent with the population by age data presented earlier, the household patterns show much of the change occurring in the baby boomer age groups. Ranier had an increase of 78 households and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area had a net increase of 139 households in the 55 to 74 year age ranges. The increase of households in all age ranges was primarily due to Ranier's annexation of a residential neighborhood.



## Household Change by Age Between 2010 and 2018

In addition to the household gains in the 55 to 74 age ranges, Ranier had a gain of 67 households in the 54 and younger age ranges, and a gain of 23 households in the 75 and older age range. Ranier had a significant household gain in all of the other age ranges due to the annexation. The International Falls/Ranier Market Area had a loss of 28 households in the 15 to 24 age range and a decrease of 351 households in the 35 to 54 age ranges.

As with the longer-term patterns for population, it is possible to track the "wave" progression of the baby boomer households over the past 19 years in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area using information by the age of householder.



# **Household Projections**

The following table presents household projections generated by Esri for the cities, market areas and Koochiching County.

Table 7 Household Projections Through 2023					
	2010 Census	2018 Esri Estimate	2023 Esri Projection	Change 2018-2023	
Ranier	70	238	228	-10	
International Falls	2,903	2,678	2,534	-144	
Littlefork	258	246	234	-12	
Big Falls	130	136	134	-2	
Northome	89	93	92	-1	
Mizpah	28	29	29	0	
International Falls/Ranier MA	4,686	4,452	4,261	-191	
Littlefork/Big Falls Market Area	674	664	642	-22	
Northome/Mizpah Market Area	305	318	315	-3	
Northwest Market Area	209	211	208	-3	
Koochiching County	5,874	5,645	5,426	-219	

- Esri projects that all of the cities, market areas and all of Koochiching County, with the exception of Mizpah, will have household losses from 2018 to 2023. Esri projects that Mizpah's number of households will not change.
- Koochiching County is projected to lose 219 households from 2018 to 2023 and the largest city in the county, International Falls, is projected to lose 144 households.

# Ranier Household by Age Projections: 2018 to 2023

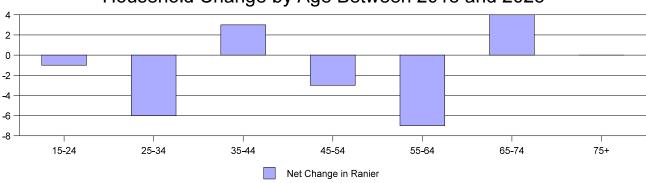
Table 8 Ranier Projected Households by Age: 2018-2023						
Age Range	2018 Estimate	2023 Projection	Change 2018 to 2023			
15-24	6	5	-1			
25-34	29	23	-6			
35-44	28	31	3			
45-54	36	33	-3			
55-64	57	50	-7			
65-74	48	52	4			
75+	34	34	0			
Total	238	228	-10			

The Ranier household by age projections were created by Esri.

Source: Esri

Esri is projecting a loss of 10 households in Ranier from 2018 to 2023. From 2018 to 2023, Esri projects a gain of three households in the 35 to 44 age range and an increase of four households in the 65 to 74 age range.

Conversely, from 2018 to 2023, Esri estimates a loss of seven households in the 15 to 34 age ranges and a loss of 10 households in the 45 to 64 age ranges.



## Household Change by Age Between 2018 and 2023

# International Falls/Ranier Market Area Household by Age Projections: 2018 to 2023

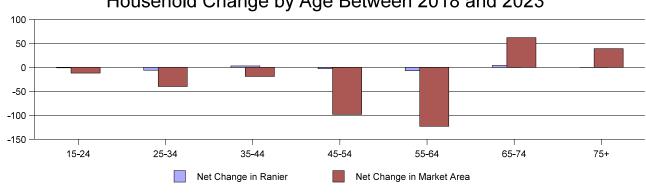
The International Falls/Ranier Market Area household by age projections were created by Esri.

Table 9 Market Area Projected Households by Age: 2018-2023						
Age Range	2018 Estimate	2023 Projection	Change 2018 to 2023			
15-24	130	118	-12			
25-34	480	440	-40			
35-44	580	561	-19			
45-54	761	663	-98			
55-64	985	862	-123			
65-74	834	896	62			
75+	682	721	39			
Total	4,452	4,261	-191			

Source: Esri

The International Falls/Ranier Market Area is expected to lose 191 households from 2018 to 2023. However, Esri projects a gain of 101 households in the 65 and older age ranges.

Conversely, from 2018 to 2023, Esri is projecting a loss of 292 households in the 64 and younger age ranges.



#### Household Change by Age Between 2018 and 2023

# Households by Type

The 2010 Census can be compared to statistics from 2000 to examine changes in household composition. The following table looks at household trends within the City of Ranier.

Table 10 Ranier Household Composition - 2000 to 2010					
	2000 Census	2010 Census	Change		
Far	nily Households	_			
Married Couple with own children	14	4	-10		
Single Parent with own children	8	5	-3		
Married Couple without own children	24	28	4		
Family Householder without spouse	5	3	-2		
Total Families	51	40	-11		
Non-F	amily Households				
Single Person	21	27	6		
Two or more persons	4	3	-1		
Total Non-Families	25	30	5		

Source: U.S. Census

The household composition table provides 2000 and 2010 data. Since 2010, Ranier has annexed a residential neighborhood into the City. This table does not include the households that were annexed into the City, which occurred after 2010.

Between 2000 and 2010, Ranier experienced a net loss of 11 family households. The net loss was due to a decrease of married couples with children, single parents with children, and a loss of family without spouse households. Married couple without children households gained households.

The City had a five-household increase in "non-family" households. This was due to an increase of six single person households.

# **Housing Tenure**

The 2010 Census provided data on housing tenure patterns. The following table examines tenure rates for the cities, Koochiching County and the State of Minnesota.

Table 11 Household Tenure - 2010				
	Number of Owners	Percent of all Households	Number of Renters	Percent of all Households
Ranier	56	80.0%	14	20.0%
International Falls	1,946	67.0%	957	33.0%
Littlefork	180	69.8%	78	30.2%
Big Falls	94	72.3%	36	27.7%
Northome	64	71.9%	25	28.1%
Mizpah	26	92.9%	2	7.1%
Koochiching County	4,551	77.5%	1,323	22.5%
State of Minnesota	-	73.0%	-	27.0%

Source: U.S. Census

According to the 2010 Census, the ownership tenure rate for Koochiching County cities ranged from a low of 67% in International Falls to a high of 92.9% in Mizpah.

Koochiching County's ownership rate was 77.5% in 2010.

In 2010, International Falls, Littlefork, Big Falls and Northome all had rental tenure rates above the State of Minnesota's rental rate of 27%.

# **Ranier Tenure by Age of Householder**

The 2016 American Community Survey provided information on the tenure distribution of households within each defined age range. The following table examines the number and percentage of renters and owners in each age group in the City of Ranier.

Table 12 Ranier Tenure by Age of Householder - 2016				
	Owners		Renters	
Age	Number	Percent within age	Number	Percent within age
15-24	3	100%	0	0%
25-34	14	87.5%	2	12.5%
35-44	9	60.0%	6	40.0%
45-54	28	100%	0	0%
55-64	60	96.8%	2	3.2%
65-74	35	83.3%	7	16.7%
75-84	34	82.9%	7	17.1%
85+	14	70.0%	6	30.0%
Total	197	86.8%	30	13.2%

Source: American Community Survey



## Ranier Housing Tenure Patterns by Age in 2016

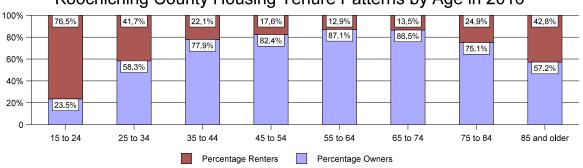
A large percentage of the Ranier's households are owner-occupied. Home ownership rates for each of the 10-year age ranges were 70% or higher with the exception of the 35 to 44 age range which had a 60% home ownership rate.

# Koochiching County Tenure by Age of Householder

The 2016 American Community Survey provided information on the tenure distribution of households within each defined age range. The following table examines the number and percentage of renters and owners in each age group in Koochiching County.

Table 13 Koochiching County Tenure by Age of Householder - 2016				
	Owners		Ren	ters
Age	Number	Percent within age	Number	Percent within age
15-24	44	45.6%	83	65.4%
25-34	372	57.9%	270	42.1%
35-44	528	67.2%	258	32.8%
45-54	961	89.1%	117	10.9%
55-64	1,192	88.5%	155	11.5%
65-74	815	90.0%	91	10.0%
75-84	466	74.2%	162	25.8%
85+	167	76.6%	51	23.4%
Total	4,545	79.3%	1,187	20.7%

Source: American Community Survey



Koochiching County Housing Tenure Patterns by Age in 2016

Withi

n the defined age ranges, households in the youngest age ranges showed a high percentage rental occupancy, while middle-aged and older adult households were primarily home owners. Approximately 65% of households age 24 and younger and 42% of households in the 25 to 34 age range rented their unit. Home ownership rates for each of the 10-year age cohorts age 35 and older were approximately 67% or higher.

# 2016 Income Data

Household and family income estimates are available at the City, County and State level through the 2016 American Community Survey. No median income information exists for the Market Areas.

Household income represents all independent households, including people living alone and unrelated individuals together in a housing unit. Families are two or more related individuals living in a household.

Table 14 Median Income - 2010 to 2016						
	House	eholds			Families	
	2010 Median	2016 Median	% Change	2010 Median	2016 Median	% Change
Ranier	\$41,250	\$54,750	32.7%	\$61,458	\$64,000	4.1%
International Falls	\$30,214	\$38,750	28.3%	\$53,848	\$52,045	-3.3%
Littlefork	\$43,409	\$36,953	-14.9%	\$51,154	\$54,500	6.5%
Big Falls	\$30,833	\$31,131	1.0%	\$40,625	\$46,250	13.8%
Northome	\$38,036	\$29,583	-22.2%	\$43,958	\$38,750	-11.8%
Mizpah	\$25,750	\$25,250	-1.9%	\$19,167	\$25,500	33.0%
Koochiching Co.	\$39,571	\$44,929	12.4%	\$57,963	\$62,976	8.6%
State of Minnesota	\$57,253	\$63,217	10.4%	\$71,307	\$79,595	11.6%

Source: American Community Survey

Income information contained in the 2016 American Community Survey shows household income growth from 2010 to 2016 in International Falls, Big Falls, Ranier and Koochiching County. The remaining jurisdictions had a decrease in their median household income levels.

Littlefork, Big Falls, Ranier, Mizpah and Koochiching County all had family median income growth from 2010 to 2016. The remaining jurisdictions had a decrease in their median family income levels.

The Cities' and County's median household and family incomes were all lower than the Minnesota median household and family incomes in 2016.

Family household incomes tend to be higher than the overall household medians, as families have at least two households members and potentially more income earners.

Using the commonly accepted standard that up to 30% of gross income can be applied to housing expenses without experiencing a cost burden, a median income household in Ranier could afford approximately \$1,369 per month for ownership or rental housing in 2016. A family at the median income level for the City could afford approximately \$1,600 for housing costs.

Although households at or near the median levels do have some buying power for housing, the overall medians can be somewhat deceptive. In general, renter households tend to have incomes that are well below the overall median levels, while home owners tend to be above the medians for households or families.

In 2017, the median income level for owner households in Koochiching County was \$54,507. At 30% of income, a median income owner household could apply approximately \$1,367 to a mortgage without experiencing a housing cost burden.

In 2016, the estimated median household income for renters in Koochiching County was approximately \$18,092. At 30% of income, a median income renter in the County could apply approximately \$452 to gross rent without experiencing a housing cost burden.

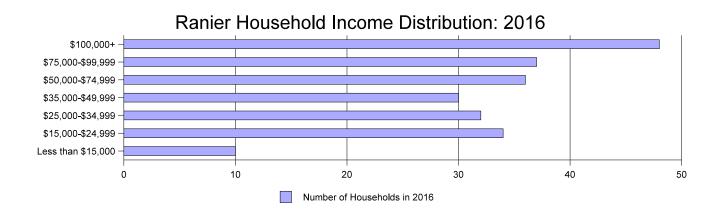
# **Ranier Household Income Distribution**

The 2016 American Community Survey provides household income distribution estimates for the City of Ranier.

Table 15 Ranier Household Income Distribution: 2016		
Household Income	Number of Households in 2016	
\$0 - \$14,999	10/4.4%	
\$15,000 - \$24,999	34/15.0%	
\$25,000 - \$34,999	32/14.1%	
\$35,000 - \$49,999	30/13.2%	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	36/15.9%	
\$75,000 - \$99,999	37/16.3%	
\$100,000+	48/21.1%	
Total	227	

Source: American Community Survey

The 2016 American Community Survey provides income distribution data on 227 households. Approximately 53% of Ranier's households had annual incomes over \$50,000. However, 44 households, which is approximately 19% of Ranier's total households had annual incomes under \$25,000 in 2016.



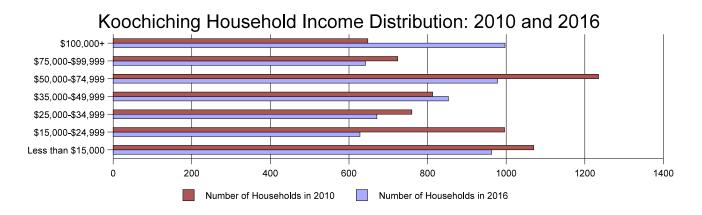
# **Koochiching County Household Income Distribution**

The 2016 American Community Survey household income estimates for Koochiching County can be compared to the same distribution information from 2010 to examine changes that have occurred from 2010 to 2016.

Table 16 Koochiching County Income Distribution - 2010 to 2016				
Household Income	Number of Households 2010	Number of Households in 2016	Change 2010 to 2016	
\$0 - \$14,999	1,070	963	-107	
\$15,000 - \$24,999	996	628	-368	
\$25,000 - \$34,999	760	671	-89	
\$35,000 - \$49,999	813	853	40	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	1,235	978	-257	
\$75,000 - \$99,999	724	642	-82	
\$100,000+	648	997	349	
Total	6,246	5,732	-514	

Source: American Community Survey

The 2010 American Community Survey provides data on 6,246 households. The 2010 U.S. Census reported 5,874 households in Koochiching County. Therefore, it appears that the American Community Survey overestimated the number of households. However, this source still represents the best available information on household income distribution.



According to income estimates contained in the 2016 American Community Survey, household incomes have improved in Koochiching County. When compared to the 2010 American Community Survey, there was a net increase of 50 households with an income of \$35,000, or more. Conversely, there was a decrease of 564 households with incomes below \$35,000. However, there were still 1,591 households in Koochiching County that had an annual income below \$25,000 in 2016. This is approximately 28% of all households in Koochiching County.

# **Ranier Income Distribution by Housing Tenure**

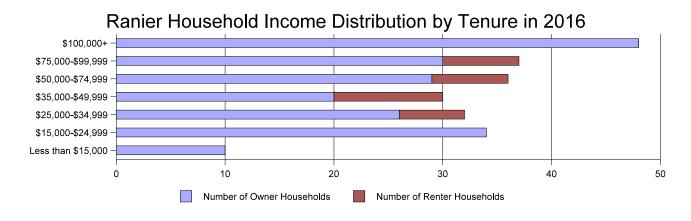
The 2016 American Community Survey provides an income estimate by owner and renter status. The following table examines income distribution within the City of Ranier.

Table 17 Ranier Household Income by Tenure - 2016			
Household Income	Number of Owner Households	Number of Renter Households	Total Households
\$0 - \$14,999	10/100%	0/0%	10
\$15,000 - \$24,999	34/100%	0/0%	34
\$25,000 - \$34,999	26/81.3%	6/18.7%	32
\$35,000 - \$49,999	20/66.7%	10/33.3%	30
\$50,000 - \$74,999	29/80.5%	7/19.5%	36
\$75,000 - \$99,999	30/81.1%	7/18.9%	37
\$100,000+	48/100%	0/0%	48
Total	197	30	227

Source: American Community Survey

Income and housing tenure are linked for most households, with home owners generally having higher annual income levels, and renters having lower incomes.

In 2016, approximately 20% of all renter households in Ranier had an annual income below \$35,000. At 30% of income, these households would have \$875, or less, that could be applied to monthly housing costs.



Conversely, a majority of the owner households had a substantially higher income level. Approximately 54% of all owner households had an annual income of \$50,000 or more. At 30% of income, these owners could afford approximately \$1,365 or more per month for housing costs.

# **Koochiching County Income Distribution by Housing Tenure**

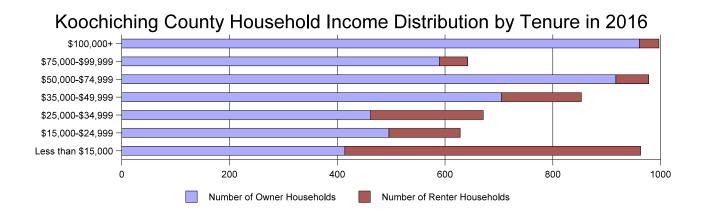
The 2016 American Community Survey provides an income estimate by owner and renter status. The following table examines income distribution within Koochiching County.

Table 18 Market Area Household Income by Tenure - 2016				
Household Income	Number of Owner Households	Number of Renter Households	Total Households	
\$0 - \$14,999	414/43.0%	549/57.0%	963	
\$15,000 - \$24,999	496/79.0%	132/21.0%	628	
\$25,000 - \$34,999	462/68.9%	209/31.1%	671	
\$35,000 - \$49,999	705/82.6%	148/17.4%	853	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	917/93.8%	61/6.2%	978	
\$75,000 - \$99,999	590/91.9%	52/8.1%	642	
\$100,000+	961/96.4%	36/3.6%	997	
Total	4,545	1,187	5,732	

Source: American Community Survey

It appears that the 2016 American Community Survey has undercounted the number of renter households in Koochiching County. However, it is still a good indicator of renter household income distribution.

Income and housing tenure are linked for most households, with home owners generally having higher annual income levels, and renters having lower incomes.



In 2016, approximately 75% of all renter households in the Koochiching County had an annual income below \$35,000. At 30% of income, these households would have \$875, or less, that could be applied to monthly housing costs.

Conversely, a majority of the owner households had a substantially higher income level. Approximately 54% of all owner households had an annual income of \$50,000 or more. At 30% of income, these owners could afford approximately \$1,365 or more per month for housing costs.

# 2016 Estimated Income and Rental Housing Costs -Koochiching County

The American Community Survey also collected information on housing costs. The following table provides data on the number of renter households that are paying different percentages of their gross household income for housing in Koochiching County.

Table 19 Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income - 2016			
Percent of Income for Housing	Households Age 64 and Younger	Households Age 65 and Older	Total
Less than 20%	161/18.2%	43/14.1%	204/17.2%
20% to 29.9%	194/22.0%	41/13.5%	235/19.8%
30% to 34.9%	62/7.0%	79/26.0%	141/11.9%
35% or more	391/44.3%	68/22.4%	459/38.7%
Not Computed	75/8.5%	73/24.0%	148/12.4%
Total	883/100%	304/100%	1,187/100%

Source: American Community Survey

According to the American Community Survey, approximately 51% of all renters in the County were paying 30% or more of their income for rent. The large majority of these households were actually paying 35% or more of their income for housing. Federal standards for rent subsidy programs generally identify 30% of household income as the maximum household contribution. When more than 30% of income is required, this is often called a "rent burden". When more than 35% is required, this can be considered a "severe rent burden".

Although a housing cost burden could be caused by either high housing costs or low household income, in Koochiching County it was primarily due to low income levels for renters. The majority of the renter households with a housing cost burden had an annual household income below \$25,000. To avoid a cost burden, these lower income households would have needed a unit with a gross monthly rent of \$625 or less.

Senior citizen renters (age 65 and older) represented approximately 24% of all households with a rental cost burden. Households in the age ranges between 15 and 64 years old represented approximately 76% of all households with a rental cost burden.

# 2016 Estimated Income and Ownership Housing Costs -Ranier

The American Community Survey also provided housing cost estimates for owner-occupants. The following table provides estimates of the number of households in the City of Ranier that are paying different percentages of their gross household income for housing costs.

Table 20 Ownership Costs as a Percentage of Income - Ranier			
Percentage of Household Income for Housing Costs	Number of Owner Households 2016	Percent of All Owner Households 2016	
0% to 19.9%	128	65.0%	
20% to 29.9%	38	19.3%	
30% to 34.9%	6	3.0%	
35% or more	25	12.7%	
Not Computed	0	0%	
Total	197	100%	

Source: American Community Survey

Most owner-occupants, which would include households with and without a mortgage, reported paying less than 30% of their income for housing. However, approximately 16% of all home owners reported that they paid more than 30% of their income for housing. The majority of these households were paying more than 35% of income for housing costs.

As would be expected, most of the cost-burdened home owners had a mortgage on their home.

# 2016 Estimated Income and Ownership Housing Costs -Koochiching County

The American Community Survey also provided housing cost estimates for owner-occupants. The following table provides estimates of the number of households in Koochiching County that are paying different percentages of their gross household income for housing costs.

Table 21 Ownership Costs as a Percentage of Income - Koochiching County			
Percentage of Household Income for Housing Costs	Number of Owner Households 2016	Percent of All Owner Households 2016	
0% to 19.9%	2,877	63.3%	
20% to 29.9%	852	18.8%	
30% to 34.9%	179	3.9%	
35% or more	601	13.2%	
Not Computed	36	0.8%	
Total	4,545	100%	

Source: American Community Survey

Most owner-occupants, which would include households with and without a mortgage, reported paying less than 30% of their income for housing. However, approximately 17% of all home owners reported that they paid more than 30% of their income for housing. The majority of these households were paying more than 35% of income for housing costs.

As would be expected, most of the cost-burdened home owners had a mortgage on their home.

# **New Housing Construction**

Based on information provided by the City, two single family home has been constructed in Ranier from 2010 to October 2018.

No single family attached (twinhome/townhome) units or multi-family rental units were constructed in Ranier from 2010 to October 2018.

# **Koochiching County Housing Condition**

Community Partners Research, Inc. representatives conducted a visual 'windshield' survey of a total of 1,013 single family/duplex houses in International Falls, Littlefork, Ranier, Big Falls, Mizpah and Northome. All of the houses in Littlefork, Big Falls, Mizpah and Northome were surveyed. The houses in two of International Falls' oldest neighborhoods and one neighborhood in Ranier were surveyed. Except for International Falls, mobile homes were excluded from the analysis. Structures with more than two units were also excluded from the survey.

The boundaries of the two neighborhoods surveyed in International Falls are as follows:

- Neighborhood #1: North 6<sup>th</sup> St. South - 10<sup>th</sup> St. East - 3<sup>rd</sup> Ave. West - 9<sup>th</sup> Ave.
- Neighborhood #2: North 6<sup>th</sup> St. South - 10<sup>th</sup> St. East - 9<sup>th</sup> Ave. West - 13<sup>th</sup> Ave.
- The Ranier neighborhood that was surveyed includes all of the houses north of County Road 11. Although all of the houses in Littlefork were surveyed, the City was divided into two neighborhoods, north and south of Main St.

Houses that appeared to contain three or more residential units were excluded from the survey. Houses were categorized in one of four levels of physical condition, Sound, Minor Repair, Major Repair, and Dilapidated as defined below. The visual survey analyzed only the physical condition of the visible exterior of each structure. Exterior condition is assumed to be a reasonable indicator of the structure's interior quality.

Dilapidated was the lowest rating used. These houses need major renovation to become decent, safe and sanitary housing. Some Dilapidated properties may be abandoned and may be candidates for demolition and clearance.

Major Rehabilitation is defined as a house needing multiple major improvements such as roof, windows, sidings, structural/foundation, etc. Houses in this condition category may or may not be economically feasible to rehabilitate. Minor Repair houses are judged to be generally in good condition and require less extensive repair, such as one major improvement. Houses in this condition category will generally be good candidates for rehabilitation programs because they are in a salable price range and are economically feasible to repair.

Sound houses are judged to be in good, 'move-in' condition. Sound houses may contain minor code violations and still be considered Sound.

Table 22 Windshield Survey Condition Estimate - 2018							
	Sound	Minor Repair	Major Repair	Dilapidated	Total		
		Ranier					
Ranier Neighborhood	27/31.4%	34/39.5%	15/17.5%	10/11.6%	86		
		International F	alls				
Neighborhood #1	74/23.4%	141/44.6%	84/26.6%	17/5.4%	316		
Neighborhood #2	62/26.3%	98/41.5%	66/28.0%	10/4.2%	236		
Total	136/24.6%	239/43.3%	150/27.2%	27/4.9%	552		
	Littlefork						
Neighborhood #1	48/56.4%	27/31.8%	9/10.6%	1/1.2%	85		
Neighborhood #2	56/47.9%	43/36.8%	12/10.2%	6/5.1%	117		
Total	104/51.5%	70/34.6%	21/10.4%	7/3.5%	202		
		Big Falls					
Big Falls	24/28.6%	23/27.4%	22/26.2%	15/17.8%	84		
	-	Mizpah	_				
Mizpah	11/45.8%	8/33.3%	2/8.4%	3/12.5%	24		
Northome							
Northome	28/43.1%	24/36.9%	11/16.9%	2/3.1%	65		
Combined Total							
Total - All Cities	330/32.6%	398/39.3%	221/21.8%	64/6.3%	1,013		
ource: Community Partners Research, Inc.							

 Approximately 33% of the houses in the six cities surveyed were sound, 39% need minor repair, 22% need major repair and 6% are dilapidated and beyond repair.

#### **Home Sales**

The Koochiching County Assessor's Office maintains annual residential sales records. For the following analysis, sales were reviewed for each calendar year, dating back to the year 2010. Information for 2018 is partial-year.

For each year, only "qualified" sales were included. Qualified sales are considered to be "arms length" transactions, and exclude certain sales such as sales between relatives, forced sales and foreclosures, and estate transfers that are not available on the open market. The Assessor's Office makes the determination of qualified sales for their annual sales ratio study.

In some defined 12-month periods, the number of good sales that occur within the City may be limited, and may not be a good indicator of the typical home value. However, the annual sample does provide insight into units that become available for purchase.

The County's qualified sales data primarily look at existing homes. The information maintained by the Assessor is based on the comparison of taxable valuation to actual sales price. Since newly constructed houses do not generally have a prior value, they are not typically included in the sales sample.

The sales records reviewed were for improved residential parcels with less than four units. While it is possible that some structures had more than one living unit, such as a duplex, it is assumed that the large majority of the sales are single family houses.

The sales price that has been used reflects an "adjusted" price which removes any personal property or seller contributions that are included in the final sale, such as financial contributions to closing costs, etc. These adjustments are made by the County Assessor.

#### Home Sales in Ranier

A number of transactions were listed in Ranier for the time period reviewed, but most were rejected as "unqualified sales". Rejected sales included transactions between related parties, bank-owned sales and others. With a larger volume of home sales, the following table provides information for each year.

Table 23 Values of Residential Sales in Ranier: 2010-2018*						
Year	Number of Sales	Median Price	Highest Price	Lowest Price		
2018*	3	\$90,500	\$129,900	\$55,000		
2017	6	\$85,225**	\$130,000	\$52,000		
2016	4	\$41,450**	\$61,000	\$25,100		
2015	3	\$57,000	\$59,000	\$45,000		
2014	1	\$64,400	-	-		
2013	6	\$63,750**	\$138,000	\$15,000		
2012	5	\$111,500	\$126,700	\$73,100		
2011	1	\$57,500	-	-		
2010	4	\$86,250**	\$113,800	\$70,500		

Source: Koochiching County Assessor; Community Partners Research, Inc.

\* Partial-year \*\* Median calculated from two closest sales

Due to the limited number of sales that occur within any 12-month time period, the annual median has fluctuated from year to year. Over the entire time period reviewed, the median sale price was \$73,100. Given the limited number of sales, the median may not be an accurate reflection of overall home values but does represent the best local estimate that is available.

The highest-valued sale that has been recorded in Ranier was for \$138,000. Over the entire 8-year period, there were only three sales in the City that were for \$130,000 or more. The lowest-valued sale was for \$15,000, but this was the only sale recorded for less than \$25,000.

An alternate home value estimate is available from the 2016 American Community Survey. This source places the midpoint owner-occupied house value at \$114,200 in Ranier, well above the aggregated median sale price of \$73,100. The American Community Survey estimate is based on the survey respondent's estimate of the value of their home.

#### **Occupancy Status of Housing Units - 2010**

The following table provides data on the occupancy status of housing units including units utilized for seasonal use. Data was obtained from the 2010 U.S. Census as this data was determined to be the most reliable. Data is provided for the cities, unorganized territories and all of Koochiching County.

Table 24 Occupancy Status of Housing Units - 2010						
	Occupied Units		Vacant Units			
	Owner	Renter	For Rent	For Sale	Seasonal Use	Other Vacant
Ranier (prior to annexation)	56	14	11	2	3	3
Big Falls	94	36	9	1	28	13
International Falls	1,946	957	62	55	31	106
Littlefork	180	78	14	2	18	4
Mizpah	26	2	0	1	14	2
Northome	64	25	6	2	4	3
South UT	87	10	0	2	275	11
Rainy Lake UT	1,575	138	12	31	618	89
Northwest UT	190	19	0	6	233	20
Northome UT	171	17	0	3	154	9
Nett Lake UT	19	17	0	0	0	0
East UT	143	10	0	4	153	12
Rural Koochiching Co. (outside of Cities)	2,185	211	12	46	1,433	141
All of Koochiching Co.	4,551	1,323	106	88	1,531	272

Source: U.S. Census

- At the time of the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 1,531 seasonal use housing units including 98 seasonal units in the cities and 1,433 units in rural Koochiching County (the unorganized territories).
- There were also 272 vacant units in the County that were not for sale or for rent. Of this total, 131 units were in the cities and 141 units are in rural Koochiching County.
- Ranier's occupancy status data is based on the 2010 U.S. Census. Since the Census, Ranier has annexed additional housing into the City. It is estimated that in 2017, Ranier has approximately 19 seasonal housing units and 14 vacant housing units.

## **Rental Housing**

#### **U.S. Census Inventory**

According to the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 14 occupied rental units and 11 vacant rental units in Ranier for a total of 25 units.

According to the 2016 American Community Survey, the City had 30 occupied rental units and six vacant rental units, for a total estimated rental inventory of 36 units. Between the 2010 Census and the 2016 American Community Survey, the City had a gain of 16 renter households and 11 rental units to the total inventory. These gains were due to the City's annexation, which tripled the City's population.

From 2010 to October 2018, we are not aware of any rental housing construction that has occurred in Ranier.

#### **Rental Housing Survey**

As part of this housing study, a telephone survey was conducted of rental units in the City. Information was collected in September and October, 2018. Information was tallied separately for different types of rental housing, including market rate units and senior with services units/beds.

The breakdown of units surveyed in Ranier is as follows:

- 9 market rate units
- 23 senior with services (memory care) beds

#### **Market Rate Summary**

Information was obtained on nine market rate rental units. These units include three units in a renovated bank building, four units in Tara's Wharf and two single family homes.

The nine units include:

- 1 efficiency
- 4 one bedroom
- 1 two bedroom
- <u>3 three bedroom</u>
- 9 total

The bank building and the two single family homes had no vacancies and the owners reported a high demand for the units. Tara's Wharf had vacancies, however, these units are available only for shorter-term rentals as the units are rented by tourists and vacationers during the summer vacation season.

#### **Tax Credit Summary**

There are no tax credit rental units in Ranier.

#### **Subsidized Summary**

There are no subsidized housing projects in Ranier.

#### **Housing Choice Vouchers**

In addition to subsidized rental projects, Ranier and Koochiching County households have access to the Housing Choice Voucher Program. The Koochiching County administers the Housing Voucher Program in Ranier and Koochiching County.

The Housing Choice Voucher Program provides portable, tenant-based rent assistance to lower income households. The program requires participating households to contribute from 30% to 40% of their adjusted income for rent, with the rent subsidy payment making up the difference. Tenants may lease any suitable rental unit in the community, provided that it passes a Housing Quality Standards inspection, and has a reasonable gross rent when compared to prevailing rents in the community.

Currently, approximately 111 Koochiching County households are receiving assistance through the Housing Voucher Program, including one household in the City of Ranier.

#### **Senior Housing with Services**

There is one senior with services facility in Ranier. Ranier Roost is a 23-bed assisted living memory care facility that opened in 1987. The facility is secure and provides 24-hour staffing, meals, laundry, medication management, social activities, etc. There are private and semi-private beds. At the time of the survey, there were two vacant beds. The facility usually operates at a very high occupancy rate.

Table 24 Ranier Multifamily Rental Housing Inventory						
Name	Number of Units /Bedroom Mix	Rent	Vacancy/ Wait List	Tenant Mix	Comments	
			Ма	rket Rate		
Bank Building Apartments	1 - Efficiency 1 - 1 Bedroom <u>1 - 3 Bedroom</u> 3 Total Units	Owner did not provide rent information	No vacancies	General occupancy	The Bank Building Apartments includes three units in a building that was previously a bank and has been converted to rental units. The units include an efficiency, a one- bedroom and a three-bedroom. At the time of the survey, the owner reported no vacancies and there is a high demand for the units.	
Tara's Wharf	3 - 1 Bedroom <u>1 - 2 Bedroom</u> 4 Total Units	Based on length of stay	The four units are currently available	General occupancy	Tara's Wharf has four rental units that are available for extended stays, but not for rental housing. The units are typically short-term vacation rentals in the summer and rented for a more extended period of time in the off-season. The four units were available at the time of the survey. The rent is based on the type of unit and length of stay.	
Wickstrom Rentals	<u>2 - 3 Bedroom</u> 2 Total Units	\$800-\$850	No vacancies	General occupancy	Wickstrom Rentals includes two three-bedroom houses in Ranier. The rent is \$800 for the smaller three-bedroom house and \$850 for the larger three-bedroom house. Tenants also pay utilities. The owner reported that the units are always fully occupied.	
Senior with Services						
Ranier Roost Ranier	23 Beds - private/ <u>semi-private rooms</u> 23 Total Beds	Based on level of services	2 vacant beds	Memory care	Ranier Roost is a 23-bed assisted living memory care facility that opened in 1987. The facility is located in Ranier. The facility is secure and provides 24-hour staffing, meals, laundry, medication management, social activities, etc. There are private and semi-private beds. At the time of the survey, there were two vacant beds. The facility usually operates at a very high occupancy rate.	

Source: Community Partners Research, Inc.

#### **Findings on Growth Trends**

#### Population

As part of this Study, Community Partners Research, Inc., has examined growth patterns for the City of Ranier, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area and Koochiching County over the past few decades.

Ranier has gained significant population due to an annexation, and all of the demographic data sources are aware of this annexation. However, there is some difference in the number of people added. Esri, estimates that the City had a gain of 358 people over an eight-year period from 2010 to 2018. In comparison, the State Demographer's estimate showed a gain of 444 people from 2010 to 2017, and the Census Bureau showed a gain of 426 people from International Falls during the same time period.

Esri estimates that the International Falls/Ranier Market Area had a loss of 470 people and Koochiching County had a loss of 447 people from 2010 to 2018. There are no comparable estimates for the Market Area from the State Demographer or the Census Bureau, since these sources do not provide annual estimates for the individual Unorganized Territories. However, both of these sources also do issue County estimates. The State Demographer showed the County's population decreasing by 671 people between 2010 and 2017, while the Census Bureau showed a reduction of 783 people. Both of these sources were tracking larger losses than Esri so far this decade.

The estimated loss of population in the area is a continuation of longer-term trends. Ranier, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area and Koochiching County all had population losses from 2000 to 2010. The City's population decreased by 11 people, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area's population decreased by 743 people and Koochiching County's population decreased by 1,044 people.

#### Households

The City of Ranier also gained households due to annexation. The 2018 Esri estimate shows Ranier gaining 168 households from 2010 to 2018, while the 2017 State Demographer estimate shows Ranier gaining 225 households.

Esri estimates that from 2010 to 2018, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area had a loss of 234 households. Esri estimates that Koochiching County had a loss of 420 households from 2010 to 2018, but the State Demographer estimates the County had a loss of only 54 households from 2010 to 2017. It is not clear why the differences exist between these data sources.

The Market Area and all of Koochiching County each had household losses from 2000 to 2010. The Market Area had a loss of 123 households and the County had a loss of 166 households during that decade. The City of Ranier had no change in its number of households from 2000 to 2010.

#### **Findings on Projected Growth**

The Minnesota State Demographer's Office has not produced any recent projections for population or household growth. As a result, no useful information is available from this source. However, population and household forecasts are available from Esri.

Esri projects that Ranier will lose 19 people and 10 households from 2018 to 2023. Esri projects that the International Falls/Ranier Market Area will lose 403 people and 191 households from 2018 to 2023. Esri projects that Koochiching County will lose 467 people and lose 219 households from 2018 to 2023.

Esri's projections to the year 2023 are generally consistent with their belief that there has been a decreasing number of residents in the area since 2010. However, it is very possible that Esri has overestimated the recent losses, and therefore has generated overly pessimistic projections going forward.

Although the analysts have reviewed the available projections, in the recommendations that follow it has been assumed that the losses will not be as large as projected by Esri. However, there is also no information that would indicate that the area will actually add population or households over the next five years.

#### Summary of the Ranier Projections by Age - 2018 to 2023

The Demographic section of this Study presented projection information on anticipated changes in Ranier from 2018 to 2023. This information can be informative in determining the housing changes that may be needed due to age patterns of the area population.

The age-based projections from 2018 to 2023 for Ranier expect a loss of seven households in the 15 to 34 age ranges and a loss of 10 households in the 45 to 64 age ranges. There is a projected gain of three households in the 35 to 44 age range and a gain of four households in the 65 and older age ranges.

The following forecast shows the expected net change in the number of Ranier households in each 10-year age cohort between 2018 and 2023.

Age Range	Projected Change in Households 2018 to 2023
15 to 24	-1
25 to 34	-6
35 to 44	3
45 to 54	-3
55 to 64	-7
65 to 74	4
75 and Older	_ 0_
Total	-10

#### Summary of the International Falls/Ranier Market Area Projections by Age - 2018 to 2023

The Demographic section of this Study presented projection information on anticipated changes in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area from 2018 to 2023. This information can be informative in determining the housing changes that may be needed due to age patterns of the area population.

The age-based projections from 2018 to 2023 in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area expect a loss of 52 households in the 15 to 34 age ranges and a loss of 240 households in the 35 to 64 age ranges. There is a projected gain of 101 households in the 65 and older age ranges.

The following forecast shows the expected net change in the number of International Falls/Ranier Market Area households in each 10-year age cohort between 2018 and 2023.

Age Range	Projected Change in Households 2018 to 2023
15 to 24	-12
25 to 34	-40
35 to 44	- 19
45 to 54	-98
55 to 64	-123
65 to 74	62
75 and Older	_39
Total	-191

#### Findings on Unit Demand by Type of Housing

Based on the household by age projections presented earlier, the changing age composition of the International Falls/Ranier Market Area households from 2018 to 2023 will have an impact on demand for housing.

**Age 24 and Younger** - The projection used for this Study expects a loss of 12 households in the 15 to 24 age range from 2018 to 2023. Past tenure patterns indicate that approximately 65% of the households in this younger range in Koochiching County will rent their housing. A small loss in the number of households in this age range should mean that rental demand from younger households will decrease slightly during the projection period.

**25 to 34 Years Old** - The projection shows a loss of 40 households in this age cohort by 2023. Within this age range, households often move from rental to ownership housing. A loss of households within this age range will result in a decrease in demand for both first-time home buyer and rental opportunities in this age range.

**35 to 44 Years Old** - This 10-year age cohort has a projected loss of 19 households between 2018 and 2023 in the Market Area. In the past, this age group has had a rate of home ownership in the County of approximately 67%. Households within this range often represent both first-time buyers and households looking to trade-up in housing, selling their starter home for a more expensive house. Household losses in this age cohort would result in a decrease in overall demand for owner-occupied housing.

**45 to 54 Years Old** - By 2023, this age cohort will represent the front-end of the "baby bust" generation that followed behind the baby boomers. This age group represents a much smaller segment of the population than the baby boom age group. For the Market Area, the projection shows a decrease of 98 households in this age range. This age group will often look for trade-up housing opportunities. With a significant household decrease in this age group, the demand for trade-up housing from this age range will decrease through the year 2023.

**55** to **64 Years Old** - The projection shows a loss of 123 households in this 10-year age range by the year 2023 in the Market Area. This age range has traditionally had a high rate of home ownership at approximately 89%. Age-appropriate housing, such as town house or twin home units, is often well suited to the life-cycle preferences of this age group, as no maintenance/low maintenance housing has become a popular option for empty-nesters.

**65 to 74 Years Old** - Most of the baby boom generation will be in this age range in 2023. A gain of 62 households is expected in the Market Area within this age range by the year 2023. While this group will begin moving to life-cycle housing options as they age, the younger seniors are still predominantly home owners. According to the 2016 American Community Survey, approximately 90% of households in this age range owned their housing in the County. Preferences for age-appropriate units should increase from the substantial household growth within this age cohort.

**75 Years and Older** - There is a projected gain of 39 households in the Market Area in this age range between 2018 and 2023. In the past, households age 75 and older, have had a rate of home ownership that is lower than the younger age ranges. An expansion of other housing options for seniors, including high quality rental housing, should appeal to this age group. In most cases, income levels for senior households have been improving, as people have done better retirement planning. As a result, households in this age range may have fewer cost limitations for housing choices than previous generations of seniors.

These demographic trends will be incorporated into the recommendations that follow later in this section.

Findings and Recommendations

# Ranier -Strengths and Barriers for Housing Development

#### **Strengths for Housing Development**

The following strengths of the community were identified through statistical data, local interviews, research and an on-site review of the Community's local housing stock.

- Affordable priced housing stock The City has a stock of affordable, existing houses. Our analysis shows that the City's median home value based on the 2016 American Community survey is approximately \$114,200. Much of this existing stock, when available for sale, provides an affordable option for home ownership.
- Available lots The City of Ranier has in-fill lots and parcels that may be available for housing development.
- Infrastructure The City's water and sewer infrastructure can accommodate future expansion. The City has recently undertaken a large water project.
- Recreational opportunities/tourism The Ranier area provides recreational opportunities including trails, hunting, hiking, fishing, boating, camping, snowmobiling, etc.
- Small town atmosphere Ranier has the real and perceived amenities of a small town. Small town living is attractive for some households.
- Rainy Lake Ranier is located on the shore of Rainy Lake, which provides commercial, residential and recreational waterfront development opportunities.
- Access to agencies Ranier has access to the Koochiching County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) and the Koochiching Economic Development Authority (KEDA).
- KOOTASCA Community Action KOOTASCA Community Action is the designated Community Action Agency for Koochiching County and is a certified Community Housing Development Organization (CHODO).
  KOOTASCA Community Action is active in addressing the area's housing needs and in providing funding for housing projects and programs.
- Commercial development Several commercial development projects are in the planning phase including a distillery/hotel project and a restaurant/strip mall/hotel project.

- Marina The City of Ranier is in the preliminary planning phase of developing a marina that would accommodate large boats including houseboats.
- Annexation The City of Ranier has undertaken an annexation which more than tripled the City's population.
- Proximity to International Falls Ranier is adjacent to International Falls, which provides employment opportunities, retail/service options, educational opportunities, healthcare facilities and cultural amenities.
- Ports of Entry There are three international Ports of Entry in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area, including the International Bridge, the Ranier Rail Port, and the International Falls International Airport. Many tourists and vacationers enter Canada through these Ports. Also, Canadians often come to International Falls and Ranier for shopping, entertainment, services, etc.
- Voyageurs National Park Voyageurs National Park is a vacation and tourism destination that provides numerous recreational and educational opportunities.

#### **Barriers or Limitation to Housing Activities**

Our research also identified the following barriers or limitations that hinder or prevent certain housing activities in the City of Ranier.

- Age and condition of the housing stock While most of the existing stock is in good condition, some of the housing is in need of improvements to meet expectations of potential buyers.
- Lower incomes limit housing choices Household and family incomes for Ranier and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area are lower than the Statewide medians. While this income level matches up well with prices for existing ownership and rental housing in the City, it is not as well matched to the prices for new housing construction.
- Lower paying jobs Many jobs in the Ranier area are at the lower end of the pay scale and the employees with these jobs have limited housing choices.
- Value gap deters new owner-occupied construction Based on the American Community Survey, the median priced home in Ranier is valued at approximately \$114,200. This is below the comparable cost for new housing construction, which will generally be above \$175,000 for a stick built home with commonly expected amenities. This creates a value gap between new construction and existing homes. This can be a disincentive for new housing construction, unless the owner is willing to accept a potential loss on their investments.
- **Low rent structure** The City's rent structure is relatively low, which makes it difficult to construct new rental housing.
- Commercial/Retail Options The City of Ranier has a limited number of commercial and retail opportunities.
- Lack of new housing construction New housing construction has been limited over the past several years.
- Educational facilities No schools are located in Ranier, although, K-12 schools are located in International Falls.

# Ranier -Recommendations and Opportunities

#### **Recommendations, Strategies and Housing Opportunities**

Based on the research contained in this study, and the housing strengths and barriers identified above, we believe that the following recommendations are realistic options for Ranier. They are based on the following strategies.

- Be realistic in expectations for housing development Large-scale residential growth has not occurred in the recent past and is not likely to occur in the near future. The scale of activities proposed for the future should be comparable with the area's potential for growth.
- Proactive community involvement New home and apartment construction will more likely occur in Ranier if there is continued proactive support from the City of Ranier, local, regional and state housing agencies, economic development agencies and the private sector.
- Protect the existing housing stock The future of Ranier will be heavily dependent on the City's appeal as a residential location. The condition of the existing housing stock is a major factor in determining the City's long-term viability. The existing housing stock is in good condition and is a major asset, however, rehabilitation efforts are needed to preserve the housing stock.
- Protect the existing assets and resources Ranier has several assets including ongoing commercial development, an affordable housing stock, recreational and tourism opportunities, etc. These are strong assets that make Ranier a desirable community to live in, and are key components to the City's long-term success and viability. These assets must be protected and improved.
- Develop a realistic action plan with goals and time lines In the past the City has been involved in housing issues. The City should prioritize its housing issues and establish goals and time lines to achieve success in addressing its housing needs.
- Access all available resources for housing In addition to the local efforts, the City has other resources to draw on including the Koochiching County HRA, KEDA, KOOTASCA Community Action and USDA Rural Development. These resources should continue to be accessed as needed to assist with housing activities.

## Summary of Findings/Recommendations

The findings/recommendations for the City of Ranier have been formulated through the analysis of the information provided in the previous sections and include a total of 17 recommendations divided into the following five categories:

- Rental Housing Development
- ▶ Home Ownership
- Single Family New Construction
- Housing Rehabilitation
- Other Housing Initiatives

The findings/recommendations for each category are as follows:

	Findings and Recommendations for the City of Ranier			
Rental Housing Development				
1.	Develop eight to 10 general occupancy market rate rental units			
2.	Promote the development/conversion of three to four affordable market rate rental housing units			
3.	Monitor the need for subsidized/moderate renter housing units			
4.	Monitor the need for additional senior designated market rate rental units			
5.	Develop a mixed-use commercial/housing project			
6.	Continue to utilize the Housing Choice Voucher Program			
	Home Ownership			
7.	Utilize and promote all programs that assist with home ownership			
8.	Consider the development of a purchase/rehabilitation program			
	New Construction			
9.	Lot availability and lot development			
10.	Strategies to encourage residential lot sales and new home construction			
10. 11.	Strategies to encourage residential lot sales and new home construction Promote town house and twin home development			

13. Promote owner-occupied housing rehabilitation programs

#### Findings and Recommendations for the City of Ranier

#### **Other Housing Initiatives**

- 14. Encourage employer involvement in housing programs
- 15. Acquire and demolish dilapidated structures
- 16. Create a plan and continue coordination among housing agencies
- 17. Develop home ownership and new construction marketing programs and strategies

Findings and Recommendations

# Ranier -Recommendations Rental Housing Development

## **Rental Housing Development**

**Overview:** In recent decades it has been difficult to produce new rental housing units that are viewed as "affordable" when compared to existing rental housing. A number of factors, including federal tax policy, state property tax rates, high construction costs and a low rent structure, have all contributed to the difficulty in developing rental housing in most Minnesota communities. From 2010 to October 2018, based on City data, no rental units have been constructed in Ranier.

Demand for new rental housing is typically generated from three factors:

- Growth from new households
- Replacement of lost units
- Pent-up demand from existing households

Esri's household projections expect a loss of 10 households in Ranier and a loss of 191 households in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area from 2018 to 2023. Therefore, we are projecting no demand for rental housing due to household growth over the next five years.

Demand created by replacement of lost units is more difficult to determine, but the best available evidence suggests that Ranier will lose approximately three to four rental units over the next five years. In some cases, this unit replacement will be necessary as existing units are removed from the inventory through demolition. In other cases, this replacement is due to the deteriorating condition of older, substandard rental housing that is removed from the occupied stock.

As part of this study, a rental survey of rental units in Ranier was conducted. The survey found no vacancies in the general occupancy market rate units that provide permanent occupancy and two vacancies in the senior housing with services beds.

Based on our research, the vacancy findings and local interviews, we have identified pent-up demand for new high quality units and affordable market rate rental units.

These demand generators, after factoring current vacancy rates, show a demand potential for 11 to 14 rental units over the projection period. Based on the factors stated above, we recommend the development of the following new rental units over the next five years, from 2018 to 2023.

•	General Occupancy Market Rate	8-10 units
•	Affordable/Conversions	3-4 units
•	Subsidized/Moderate Rent	0 units
•	Senior with Services	0 units
	Total	11-14 units

#### 1. Develop eight to 10 general occupancy market rate rental units

**Findings:** Based on U.S. Census data, there are approximately 36 rental units in Ranier. All of these units are general occupancy market rate housing units. These units are free of any specific occupancy restrictions such as financial status or age. Market rate housing does not have any form of rent controls, other than those imposed by the competitive marketplace.

The rental units are in a renovated bank building, single family homes and mobile homes.

Of the market rate rental units that provide permanent housing we surveyed in Ranier, we found no vacant units. Housing stakeholders that were surveyed, stated the need for quality rental units in Ranier.

Approximately 74 employees are commuting into Ranier daily for work. Some of these employees would potentially move to Ranier if additional housing was available.

From 2000 to October 2018, no market rate rental units were developed in Ranier. However, several single family homes have converted from owner-occupied to rental units. Also, due to annexation, the City gained rental units.

**Recommendation:** As stated earlier in this section, rental housing demand is based on household growth, pent-up demand, replacement of housing units that have been demolished or removed from the rental stock and homes that have converted from rental to home ownership.

Based on this combination of demand generators, we believe that it is reasonable to plan for the production of eight to 10 market rate general occupancy rental units over the next five years, from 2019 to 2024. The units could be constructed in phases.

It is our opinion that town home-style units are the best option to address the need for market rate units. To be successful, the project should have 'state of the art' amenities, such as garages, security entrances, in-unit laundry, etc. A site on or near the lakeshore would be ideal and increase the units' marketability.

The first option to develop market rate rental housing would be to encourage private developers to continue to construct market rate rental housing. If private developers do not proceed, a county or regional housing or economic development agency could potentially utilize essential function bonds or similar funding sources to construct market rate rental housing.

#### Recommended unit mix, sizes and rents for the Ranier Market Rate Housing Units:

<u>Unit Type</u>	<u>No. of Units</u>	<u>Size/Sq. Ft.</u>	Rent
One Bedroom	2-3	650 - 800	\$750 - \$850
Two Bedroom	5-6	850 - 950	\$875 - \$1,050
Three Bedroom	1	1,050 - 1,150	\$975 - \$1,250
Total	8-10		

**Note:** The recommended rents are gross rents including all utilities. The rents are quoted in 2018 dollars.

It would be advantageous to have the rents for some of the units at or less than the fair market rents for the Housing Choice Voucher Program, thus, the units would be affordable for more households. The fair market rents currently are:

- 1 bedroom \$573
- 2 bedroom \$746
- 3 bedroom \$936

## 2. Promote the development/conversion of three to four affordable market rate rental housing units

**Findings:** The previous recommendation addressed the market potential to develop high quality rental units in Ranier. Unfortunately, these units may be beyond the financial capability of many Ranier renter households. Many of the City's renter households have an annual income below \$25,000. These households would need a rental unit at \$650 per month or less.

We are estimating that Ranier has lost some rental housing over the years and will continue to lose units due to deterioration, demolition, or from units converting from renter to owner-occupancy. Therefore, there is a need for additional rental units in Ranier to provide for unit replacement. Unfortunately, the lost units are probably affordable, and new construction will not replace these units in a similar price range. Several homes have been purchased and rehabbed and are currently rentals.

There are still some programs for affordable housing creation for moderate income renters. The federal low income housing tax credit program is one available resource. However, competition for tax credits is very difficult, and few awards have been made recently to small cities for small rental projects.

**Recommendation:** We would encourage the City of Ranier to promote the development/conversion of affordable rental units. A goal of three to four units over the next five years would help to replace any affordable housing that has been lost.

It is difficult to create units through new construction. It is often more practical to work on renovation or conversion projects that can create housing. This opportunity often arises in commercial/mixed-use buildings or vacant homes.

It is our recommendation that gross rents for the converted units should be below \$650 per month, which would help to expand the choices available to many of the City's renter households.

It is probable that the proposed rent structure for some of the units could only be obtained with financial commitments from other sources such as tax increment financing or tax abatement from the City and other financial resources from agencies such as the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA), the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund and the Small Cities Development Program (SCDP). Also, financial assistance would expand the number of buildings that would be financially feasible to convert to rental units.

## 3. Monitor the need for subsidized/moderate rent rental housing units

**Findings:** There are no federally subsidized rental projects in Ranier. However, International Falls has six subsidized rental units with a total of 265 units.

Ranier does have access to the HUD Housing Choice Voucher Program.

**Recommendation:** We do not recommend the development of subsidized rental housing at this time. There are not adequate services currently available in Ranier to support a subsidized project in the City. Also, International Falls has a large supply of subsidized housing. Additionally, it is very difficult to obtain financing for a subsidized project.

We have recommended the construction of eight to 10 market rate units. We also recommended three to four affordable/conversion market rate units. We do recommend that the City monitor the need for the production of subsidized housing in the future.

Additionally, the Housing Choice Voucher Program is an opportunity to utilize privately owned rental housing for affordable rental housing.

#### 4. Monitor the need for senior housing with services units

**Findings:** Ranier has one senior with services housing facility. Ranier Roost is a 23-bed assisted living memory care facility that opened in 1987. The facility is secure and provides 24-hour staffing, meals, laundry, medication management, social activities, etc. There are private and semi-private beds. At the time of the survey, there were two vacant beds. The facility usually operates at a very high occupancy rate.

Additionally, the International Falls/Ranier Market Area, including Ranier Roost, has six senior with services projects, including 54 skilled nursing beds, 44 assisted living, 23 memory care and 27 independent/light services units/beds. We are recommending the development of an additional 14 to 16 independent/light services units in International Falls.

Based on 2018 estimates from Esri, there are 1,072 older senior citizens, age 75 and above, residing in the International Falls/Ranier and Northwest Market Areas. The projections contained in this Study anticipate a gain of approximately 43 older seniors from 2018 to 2023.

Older seniors tend to represent the primary target market for specialized senior housing. There is growth expected within the younger senior ranges, age 65 to 74, indicating growing demand for specialized housing after the year 2023.

**Recommendation:** Based on the research completed for this Study, we do not recommend the development of senior with services (skilled nursing home, assisted living, memory care) units/beds through the year 2023 in Ranier.

We have, however, recommended a senior/independent/light services project in International Falls.

The purpose of this recommendation is to provide general guidance to potential developers. A developer or existing senior with services facility planning a specific project should have a project-specific study conducted.

#### 5. Develop a Mixed-Use Commercial/Housing Project

**Findings:** The City of Ranier has limited commercial/retail opportunities. However, two mixed-use projects are in the planning phase. One project includes a distillery and hotel and the other project includes a restaurant, strip mall and hotel rooms. The development of a new mixed-use rental housing/commercial project would complement these projects and the City's effort to provide commercial and housing options in Ranier.

New mixed-use commercial/housing projects have been developed in several Minnesota cities. Some of these projects were developed because of market demand, while others were developed to enhance the commercial business district, to introduce a new product to the market or to serve as a catalyst for redevelopment.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the development of a mixed-use commercial/housing building in Ranier. We recommend commercial space on the first floor and rental units on the second floor. Prior to construction, a portion of the commercial space should be leased to an anchor tenant that would complement the existing commercial businesses. A mixed-use commercial/housing project would also compliment the two commercial projects that are being planned in Ranier.

The rental units should be primarily market rate units, but could be mixedincome, with some moderate income units. The units should be primarily one and two-bedroom units. Please note that these units are not in addition to the units recommended in the first and second recommendations of this section. If a mixed use building was constructed, the number of units recommended previously should be reduced.

Ideally, a private developer would construct and own the building. The City may have a role in the project by providing tax increment financing (TIF), tax abatement or other local funds and land at a reduced price.

#### 6. Continue to utilize the Housing Choice Voucher Program

**Findings:** The Housing Choice Voucher Program provides portable, tenantbased rent assistance to lower income renter households. The program requires participating households to contribute from 30% to 40% of their adjusted income for rent, with the rent subsidy payment making up the difference. Tenants may lease any suitable rental unit in the community, provided that it passes a Housing Quality Standards inspection, and has a reasonable gross rent when compared to prevailing rents in the community. Although the federal government provides almost no funding for subsidized housing construction, it has provided new Housing Choice Voucher allocations over the last two decades.

The Housing Choice Voucher Program is a popular form of subsidized housing. Because of the flexibility offered through the program, eligible households often prefer the portable rent assistance to other forms of subsidized housing that are project-based, and can only be accessed by living in a specific rental development.

The Housing Choice Voucher Program in Ranier and Koochiching County is administered by the Koochiching County HRA. Currently, the Koochiching County HRA has funding for approximately 111 Vouchers for the County. Of the total 111 Vouchers, one Voucher is being utilized by a Ranier household at this time. There is a waiting time of approximately 10 months for a Voucher.

**Recommendation:** From a practical standpoint, the Housing Choice Voucher Program is the single best way that Ranier can provide affordable housing. HUD does not make new incremental assistance available every year, but when new allocations are authorized, the Koochiching County HRA should be encouraged to continue to apply for additional Vouchers.

Also, the Koochiching County HRA should continue to publicize the Housing Choice Voucher Program in Ranier and Koochiching County to assure that City and County households have access to and are aware of the Program.

Findings and Recommendations

# Ranier -Home Ownership Recommendations

### **Home Ownership Recommendations**

**Findings:** Expanding home ownership opportunities is one of the primary goals for most cities. High rates of home ownership promote stable communities and strengthen the local tax base.

The median owner-occupied home value in Ranier is estimated to be \$114,200 based on the 2016 American Community Survey. With approximately 50% of the homes in Ranier valued less than \$114,200, Ranier has opportunities for first time home buyers and households seeking moderately priced homes.

While many Ranier households already own their housing, those households that have not been able to achieve the goal of home ownership may need the assistance of special programs to help them purchase their first home.

To assist in promoting the goal of home ownership, the following activities are recommended:

#### 7. Utilize and promote all programs that assist with home ownership

**Findings:** We believe that affordable home ownership is one of the issues facing Ranier. Home ownership is generally the preferred housing option for most households and most communities. There are a number of strategies and programs that can be used to promote home ownership in Ranier. The area's housing agencies and financial institutions can assist with this effort.

First time home buyer assistance, down payment assistance, and low interest loans help to address affordable housing issues. With the City's median home value at \$114,200, there are lower valued houses in the community that appeal to first time buyers. Currently, KOOTASCA Community Action is administering a Downpayment Assistance Program in Koochiching County. Some International Falls's households have utilized this program. Additionally, the Federal Home Loan Bank has funds available for closing costs and down payment assistance.

Also, home ownership counseling and training programs are available to households and these programs can play a significant role in helping marginal buyers achieve home ownership.

While these individual home ownership assistance programs may not generate a large volume of new ownership activity, the combination of below market

mortgage money, home ownership training, credit counseling, and down payment assistance may be the mix of incentives that moves a potential home buyer into home ownership.

**Recommendation:** Ranier and local financial institutions and area housing agencies should continue to utilize all available assistance programs to promote home ownership. The community should also explore the possibility of obtaining specific program set-asides along with other Koochiching County cities from some of the home ownership programs offered through the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. Specific set-asides will offer multiple advantages, including a dedicated pool of funds, the opportunity for higher participation limits for income and purchase price, and the flexibility for more local design and control.

The City should continue to work with KOOTASCA Community Action to continue to develop and provide programs that provide financial assistance for households to purchase a home. Local financial institutions should also have a significant role in assisting households with purchasing a home.

Funding sources for home ownership programs include USDA Rural Development, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund and the Small Cities Development Program.

#### 8. Consider the development of a Purchase/ Rehabilitation Program

**Findings:** Ranier has a stock of older, lower valued homes, some of which need repairs. Approximately 56% of the single family homes in Ranier are more than 40 years old and some of these homes need repairs. As some of the lower valued homes come up for sale, they may not be attractive options for potential home buyers because of the amount of repair work that is required.

In the past, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency had provided funding for the Minnesota Urban Homestead Program (MURL) Program. Under the program, the City or an area housing agency purchased an existing home that needed rehabilitation, rehabilitated the home, sold the home to a low income family and provided a mortgage and a monthly payment that was affordable for the family. The MURL Program accomplished many community goals, including the promotion of home ownership for lower income people, and the repair of substandard housing units. KOOTASCA Community Action utilized the MURL Program in Koochiching County. However, MHFA is no longer providing funding for the MURL Program. **Recommendation:** We recommend that the City of Ranier and KOOTASCA Community Action, along with other Koochiching County cities, consider the creation of a purchase/rehab program for existing houses that is similar to the previous MURL Program. KOOTASCA Community Action could purchase homes that need rehabilitation, rehabilitate the homes and sell the homes. Housing agencies and financial institutions could assist by offering some rehabilitation assistance in conjunction with first-time buyer programs to make the City's older housing a more attractive option for potential home buyers. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the SCDP Program, and the Federal Home Loan Bank are potential funding sources.

Also, a program could also be developed to provide mortgage funds directly to households for the purchase and rehabilitation of existing substandard homes. This program would not require intermediate KOOTASCA Community Action ownership of the homes. USDA Rural Development provides mortgage funds to purchase a home and to make repairs to the home. Additionally, the City and KOOTASCA Community Action could assist private contractors with purchasing, rehabbing and selling homes.

Attitudinal surveys that we have conducted in other cities have found that purchase/rehabilitation programs are appealing to people who are currently renting their housing. In some similar sized communities, more than 80% of survey respondents who were renters indicated an interest in buying a home in need of repair if rehabilitation assistance was also available.

A purchase/rehabilitation program will achieve several goals. The program will encourage home ownership, prevent substandard homes from becoming rental properties, convert rental properties back to owner-occupancy, and rehabilitate homes that are currently substandard.

Findings and Recommendations

# Ranier -New Housing Construction

### **New Housing Construction**

**Findings:** Ranier has experienced limited single family owner-occupied housing construction over the past nine years from 2010 to October 2018. According to City records, two single family owner-occupancy units have been constructed in Ranier so far this decade.

The attractiveness of the area and the City of Ranier's amenities and its proximity to International Falls, should result in the construction of new owner-occupied housing units over the next five years.

Ranier is projected to lose 10 households and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area is projected to lose 144 households from 2018 to 2023. Although Ranier and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area are projected to have an overall loss in households from 2018 to 2023, the City is projected to gain four households and the International Falls/Ranier Market Area is projected to gain 101 households in the 65 and older age ranges. Ranier is also projected to gain three households in the 35 to 44 age range. Households in these age ranges tend to be predominantly home owners, and form a market for higher priced homes, trade-up housing and low maintenance housing such as townhomes and twinhomes.

It is our opinion that if the City of Ranier, developers and builders, and regional and state housing agencies are proactive, a total of 12 to 16 owner-occupied housing units could be constructed in Ranier from 2019 to 2024 to address demand. This is an average of approximately two to three new units annually. Our projection for owner occupied single family housing starts includes single family detached homes and attached housing units, such as twin homes and town houses. The breakdown of our projection of 12 to 16 new owner-occupied housing units is as follows:

- Higher & medium price homes
- Affordable homes
- Twin homes/town homes Total

2-3 homes 2-3 homes <u>8-10 units</u> 12-16 homes/units

#### 9. Lot availability and lot development

**Findings:** Based on information provided by the City of Ranier, there is not an existing subdivision with available lots in Ranier, however, there are in-fill lots and open parcels scattered around the City.

We did not attempt to count these lots and parcels and we do not know the availability of some of these infill lots and parcels.

**Recommendation:** We use a standard that a 2 ½ year supply of lots should be available in the marketplace based on annual lot usage. With projections that two to three new owner-occupied housing units could be constructed per year, the City should have approximately five to eight residential lots should be available to meet the expected demand. Part of this demand would be for attached unit construction. For lots to be available, they should be buildable and for sale.

We recommend that the City of Ranier inventory all of the lots and parcels in Ranier to determine their availability, if they are buildable and approximate costs to provide infrastructure to the lot or parcel. It is our assumption that there is an adequate number of lots available in the City of Ranier to meet expected demand. However, if there is not an adequate supply of lots, the City should work with lot and parcel owners to make lots and parcels available for new housing construction.

## **10.** Strategies to encourage residential lot sales and new home construction

**Findings:** Ranier is a small community that has had limited new construction since 2010. From 2010 to October 2018, two homes have been constructed in the City.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the City of Ranier and other housing stakeholders coordinate efforts to promote lot sales and housing development.

Our recommendations to promote lots sales and housing development include:

 Competitive pricing - The demand for lots in Ranier is limited. To encourage home construction in Ranier, lots must be offered at a very competitive price.

- User-Friendly The lot purchase and home building process must be 'user friendly.' This includes an available inventory of lots, builders that are readily available to build custom homes and city regulations that are fair and reasonable. The entire process must be as 'user friendly' as possible to encourage home construction.
- Lot availability for twin home/town home development It is our opinion that there will be a demand for twin homes/town homes over the next five years. Lots should be available for a twin home/town home development.
- Range of house prices Lots should be available to as wide a range of home sizes and prices as possible. This broadens the lot buyer market. Also, smaller infill lots with fewer amenities could be marketed for affordable homes.
- Incentives The City of Ranier could provide incentives for households to buy lots and construct homes including reduced hookup and permit fees, reduced lot prices, discounts at area businesses, tax abatement, construction financing, etc.
- Marketing All housing stakeholders including developers, realtors, financial institutions, builders, employers, etc. should be included in marketing strategies to sell lots and construct housing units. In addition to marketing the lots, the City of Ranier and its amenities should be marketed.
- Manufactured/Modular homes Manufactured and modular homes can provide affordable housing opportunities for moderate income households.

#### **11.** Promote town house and twin home development

**Findings:** Ranier has experienced no owner-occupied attached housing development from 2010 to 2018. Attached housing provides desirable alternatives for empty nesters and seniors to move out of their single family homes, thus, making traditional single family homes available for families. In 2018, based on Esri estimates, there were 139 households in the City of Ranier and 2,500 households in the International Falls/Ranier Market Area with a head of household in the 55 and older age ranges.

It is important for the City to offer seniors housing options as many of these households will be seeking to downsize into low maintenance housing options.

**Recommendation:** It is our projection that eight to 10 new twin homes or town houses could be built over the next five years.

We recommend a twin home/town home development and for the development to be successful, the following should be considered. Ranier is an ideal location with its close proximity to International Falls and its location on the lake. High quality units can be constructed in Ranier. A lake parcel would be the preferred location for twinhomes/townhomes as lakeshore or lakeview units would be very marketable.

- Senior friendly home designs
- Maintenance, lawn care, snow removal, etc. all covered by an Association
- Cluster development of a significant number of homes which provides security
- Homes at a price that is acceptable to the market
- High amenity location

The public sector's role in any owner-occupancy attached housing development could include land donations, tax increment financing, tax abatement, etc.

It may be advantageous to meet with a group of empty nesters and seniors who are interested in purchasing a twin home or town home to solicit their ideas.

A corporation was developed in Arlington, MN, to construct twin homes that included local contractors, the local bank and local investors. They have been very successful.

Findings and Recommendations

# Ranier -Housing Rehabilitation

## **Housing Rehabilitation**

**Findings:** The City of Ranier has an asset in its existing housing stock. Existing units, both now and into the future, will represent the large majority of the affordable housing opportunities. Existing units generally sell at a discount to their replacement value. Units that are not maintained and improved may slip into disrepair and be lost from the housing stock. Efforts and investment in housing rehabilitation activities will be critical to offering affordable housing opportunities.

Housing options for households will largely be met by the existing, more affordable housing stock. As this existing stock ages, more maintenance and repair are required. Without rehabilitation assistance, the affordable stock will shrink, creating an even more difficult affordability situation.

The following specific recommendations are made to address the housing rehabilitation needs.

#### 12. Promote rental housing rehabilitation programs

**Findings:** Based on 2010 U.S. Census data, the City of Ranier has approximately 36 rental units. The rental units are in multi-family building, a mixed-use building, single family houses and mobile homes. Some of the City's rental units could benefit from rehabilitation as approximately 78% of the rental structures are more than 40 years old and some rental units are in poor condition.

The rehabilitation of older rental units can be one of the most effective ways to produce decent, safe and sanitary affordable housing. However, it is often difficult for rental property owners to rehabilitate and maintain their rental properties while keeping the rents affordable for the tenants.

**Recommendation:** The City of Ranier and area housing agencies should seek funds to rehabilitate rental units. For a rental rehabilitation program to be workable and successful, the funds should to the extent possible, allow for program design flexibility.

Potential funding sources include Minnesota Small Cities Development Program (SCDP) funds, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA), the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund, tax credits for housing preservation and local funds. MHFA has initiated a program known as the Rental Rehabilitation Loan Program (RRLP).

#### 13. Promote owner-occupied housing rehabilitation programs

**Findings:** The affordability of the existing housing stock in Ranier will continue to be the major attraction for families that are seeking housing in the area. Investment in owner-occupied housing rehabilitation activities will be critical to offering affordable housing opportunities.

Approximately 56% of the owner-occupied homes in Ranier are more than 40 years old and some of these homes need minor or major repairs. Our 2018 housing condition survey rated houses in the City of Ranier. Our survey found 34 homes that need minor repair and 15 homes that need major repair.

KOOTASCA Community Action administers housing rehabilitation programs in Ranier and Koochiching County. Housing rehabilitation programs include the MHFA Programs, the SCDP Program, USDA Rural Development Programs and the Weatherization Program.

KOOTASCA Community Action has assisted the City of Ranier with obtaining SCDP funds in the past for owner-occupied housing rehabilitation. Approximately six homes were recently rehabilitated in Ranier with SCDP funds.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the City of Ranier continue to utilize available funding sources to rehabilitate homes in Ranier. USDA Rural Development, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA), the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund, the Federal Home Loan Bank and the Minnesota Small Cities Development Program (SCDP) are all potential funding sources.

We encourage the City of Ranier to continue to apply for SCDP funds to rehabilitate houses.

Findings and Recommendations

# Ranier -Other Housing Initiatives

## **Other Housing Initiatives**

#### 14. Encourage employer involvement in housing

**Findings:** The connection between economic development and housing availability has become an increasingly important issue as local employers have the need to attract new workers to the community. Housing for new employees is a concern for employers. It may be advantageous for employers to become involved in housing.

**Recommendation:** We recommend an ongoing effort to involve employers as partners in addressing the City's housing needs. Several funding sources have finance programs that include employers. The funding agencies often view applications favorably that include employers in the problem solving process.

Employer involvement can include direct assistance to their employees such as a grant, loan, forgivable loan, deferred loan, down payment assistance, loan guarantee, etc. In many cases, employers do not wish to provide assistance to specific employees, but are willing to contribute to an overall city project, such as work force oriented rental housing, an affordable home ownership program or a new subdivision. Although Ranier does not have large employers, it is still possible for smaller employers to participate in community housing programs and projects.

#### 15. Acquire and demolish dilapidated structures

**Findings:** Approximately 56% of the single family homes in Ranier are more than 40 years old. Our housing condition survey identified 10 single family houses in Ranier that are dilapidated and too deteriorated to rehabilitate. We also identified 15 single family houses in Ranier as needing major repair and some of these homes may be too deteriorated to rehabilitate. To improve the quality of the housing stock and to maintain the appearance of the City, dilapidated structures should be demolished.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the City of Ranier take an aggressive approach to demolishing severely dilapidated structures. The City is enhanced when blighted and dilapidated structures are removed. Also, some of the cleared lots can be utilized for the construction of new affordable housing units.

The City could develop partnerships with housing agencies and private developers to construct new housing on cleared parcels. Tax increment financing, Greater Minnesota Housing Funds, MHFA funds, and SCDP funds are potential funding sources for this initiative. Funding may be available for both acquisition/demolition and new construction activities.

#### **16.** Create a plan and continue coordination among housing agencies

**Findings:** The City of Ranier may need resources in addition to existing staff to plan and implement some of the housing recommendations advanced in this Study. The City has access to KOOTASCA Community Action, the Koochiching County HRA and the Koochiching Economic Development Authority. The City also has access to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) and the USDA Rural Development Office. These agencies all have experience with housing and community development programs.

**Recommendation:** The City of Ranier is fortunate to have access to several agencies that can address housing needs. It is our recommendation that the City work with the housing agencies to prioritize the recommendations of this Study and to develop a plan to address the City's housing needs. The Plan should include strategies, time lines and the responsibilities of each agency. While there has traditionally been a degree of staff interaction between these agencies, it will be important that a coordinated approach be used to prioritize and assign responsibility for housing programs.

It will also be important for the City to look for opportunities to work cooperatively with other surrounding cities to address housing issues. With the number of cities in the County, and limited staff capacity at both the City and County level, cooperative efforts may be the only way to accomplish certain projects. Cooperative efforts will not only make housing projects more practical, but they will often be more cost-effective and competitive.

## **17.** Develop home ownership and new construction marketing programs and strategies

**Findings:** Cities that invest in marketing have an advantage. Opportunities to buy or construct a home are sometimes limited because of the lack of information and awareness of financing and incentive programs, homes and lots on the market, local builders, etc.

This is especially evident for new households moving into the area. The home buying/home building process can be very intimidating for first-time buyers and builders. It is important for the home buying or home building process to be user-friendly.

**Recommendation:** The City of Ranier has been active in promoting and marketing housing and the City, and we recommend the continuation or initiation of the following activities:

- Identify the City's strengths and competitive advantages and heavily promote them
- Create marketing materials that can be distributed regionally (including internet, TV, radio, etc.)
- Work closely with employers (Ranier and the Region) to provide employees (especially new employees) with housing opportunities in Ranier
- Work with housing agencies to provide down payment assistance, low interest loans, home owner education and home owner counseling programs
- Work with builders to make the construction of a new home a very user friendly process
- Continue to work on the creation of jobs and the development of retail, commercial, service and recreational opportunities that make the City a "full service" community
- Provide attractive lots at an affordable price for a variety of home sizes, styles and price ranges
- Preserve and improve the quality of the City's housing through the rehabilitation of substandard housing and the demolition of dilapidated structures that are beyond repair
- Develop new housing choices that serve life-cycle housing needs, such as new rental housing, twin homes, etc.
- Provide incentives and strategies to encourage builders and households to buy lots or to build and buy new homes.
- Review the City's building policies and fees to assure that they are userfriendly, fair and reasonable for developers, builders and households.
- Develop a coordinated housing plan with area housing agencies.